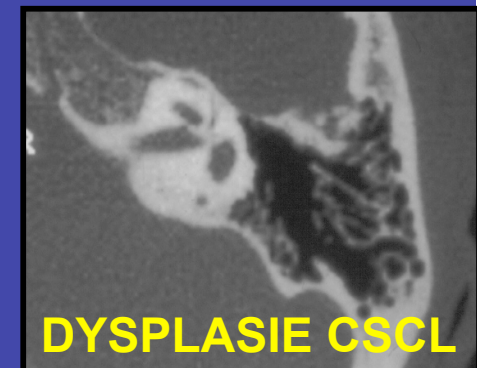
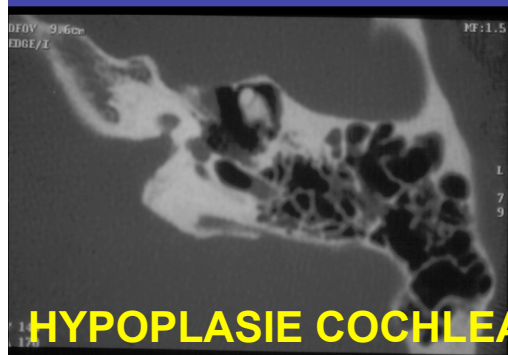
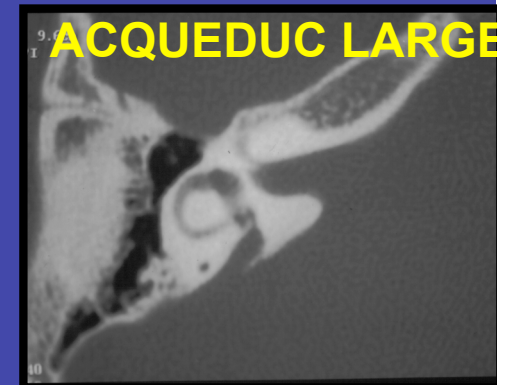
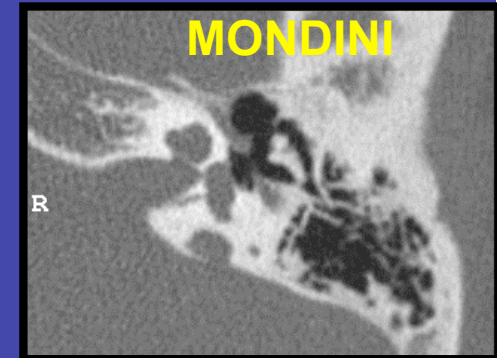
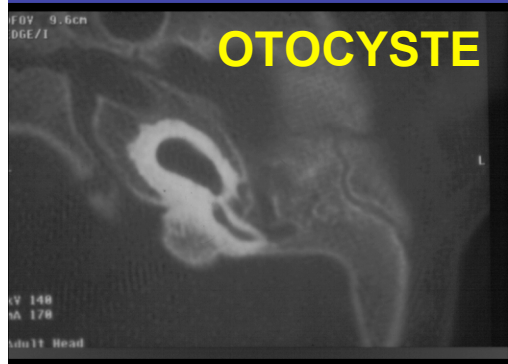


LES MALFORMATIONS MAJEURES D'OREILLE INTERNE



**ET LES
MALFORMATIONS
MINEURES ?**

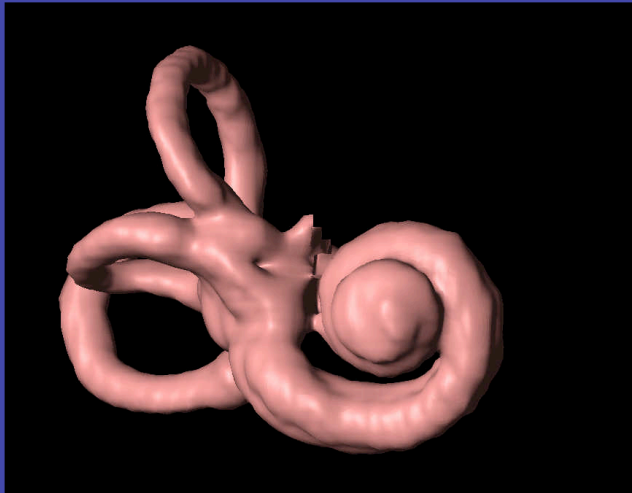




**IL FAUT
AVOIR DU
NEZ**

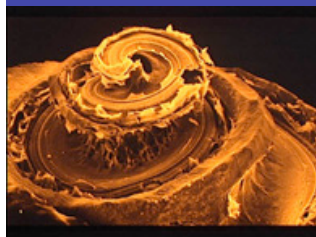
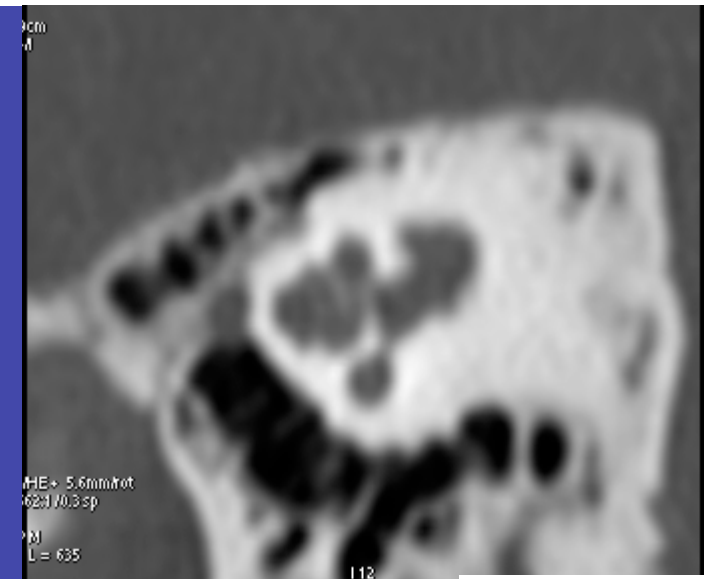
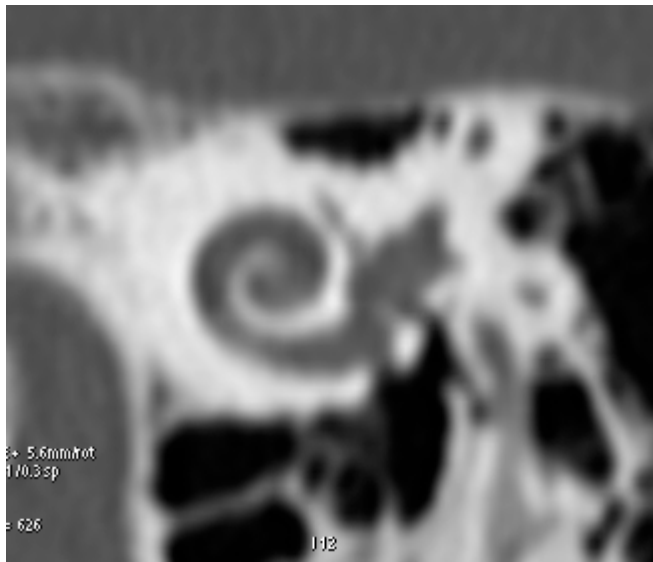
LA COURONNE ET L'ŒIL

où comment suspecter une
malformation mineure d'oreille interne



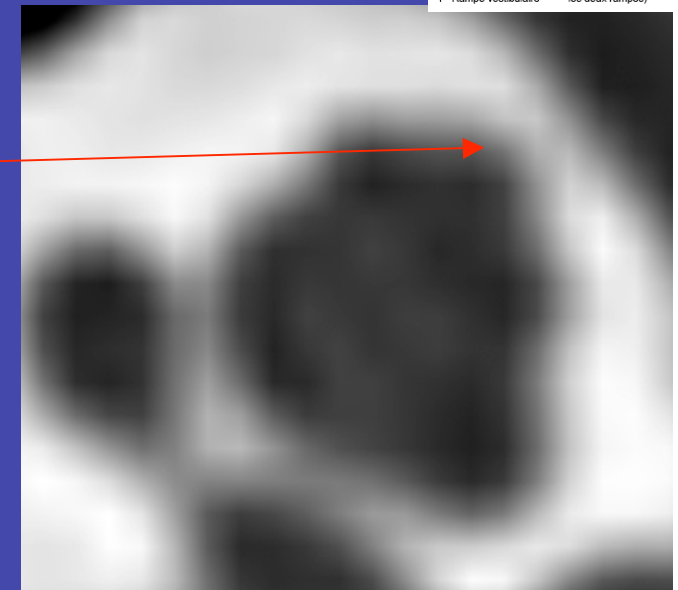
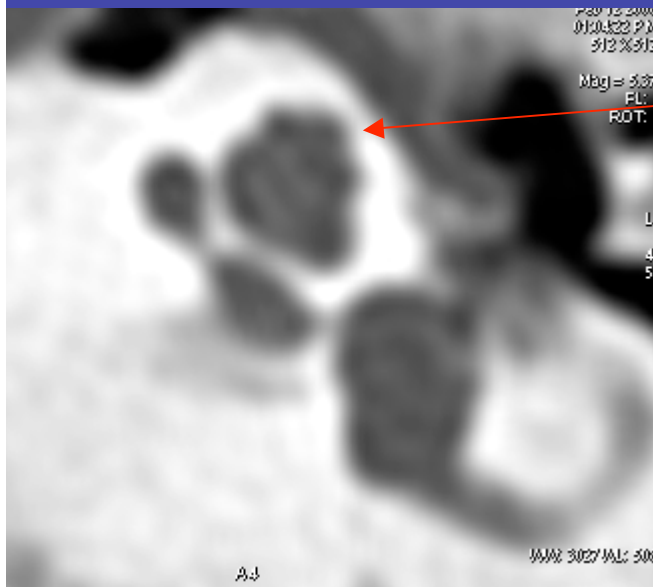
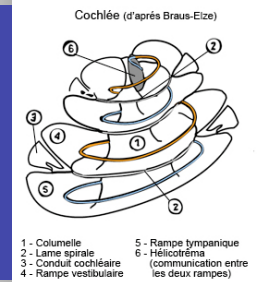
JF POUGET
P CHAHINE

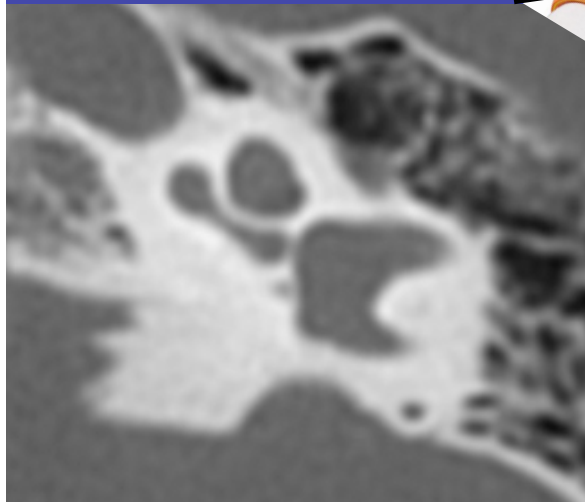
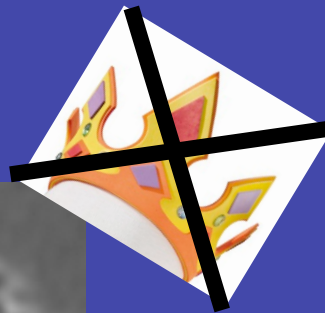
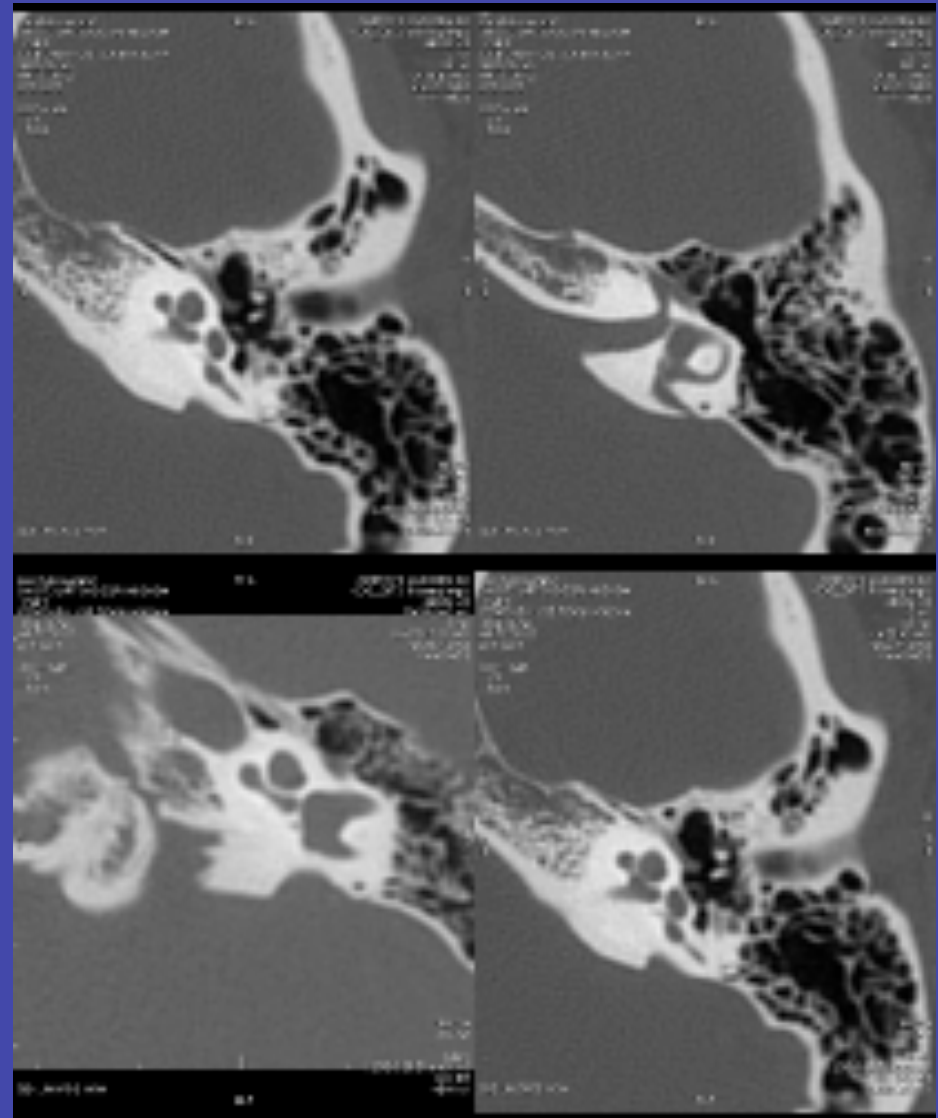
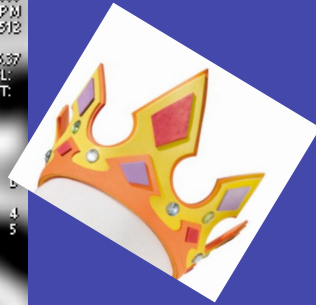
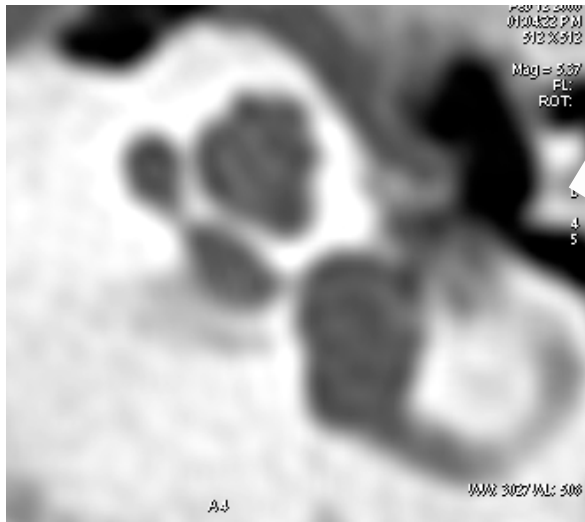




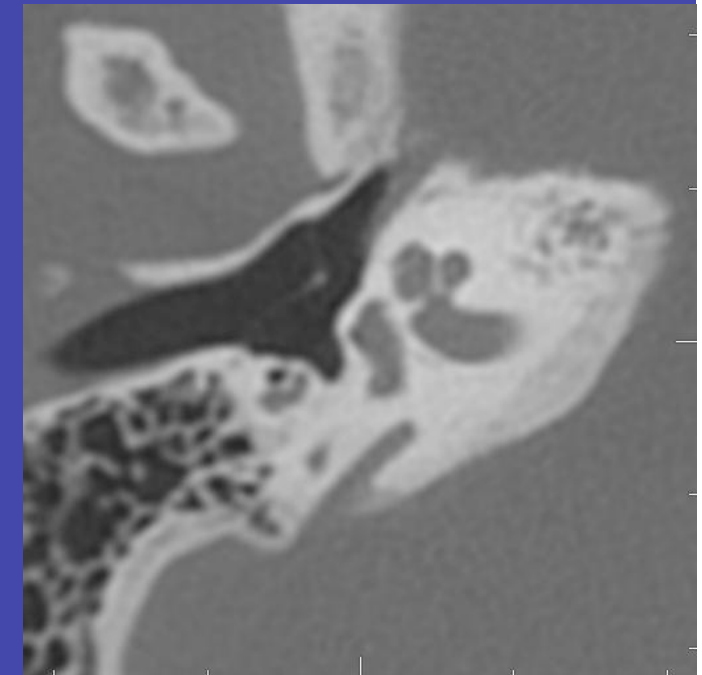
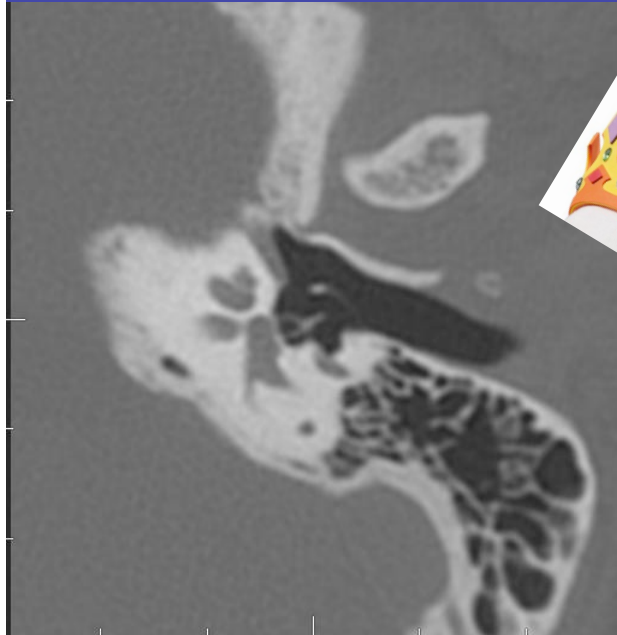
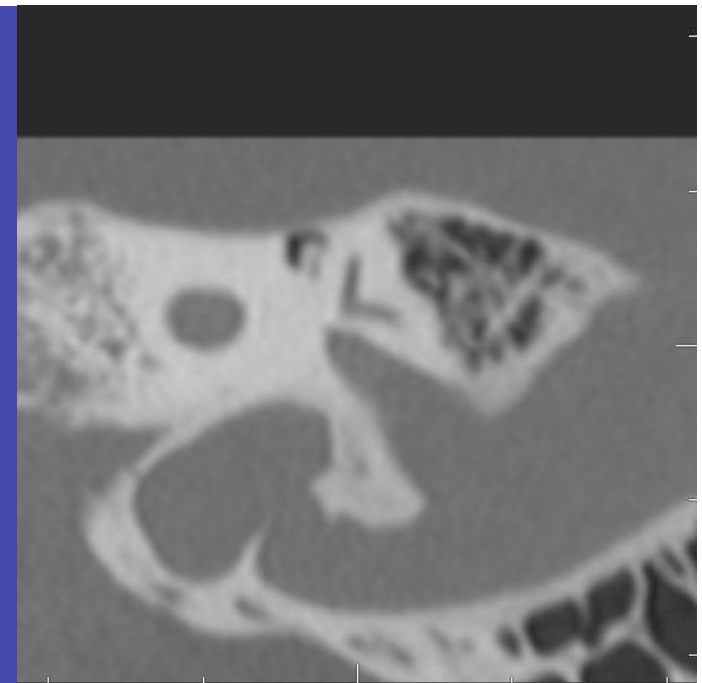
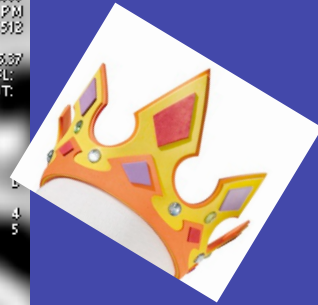
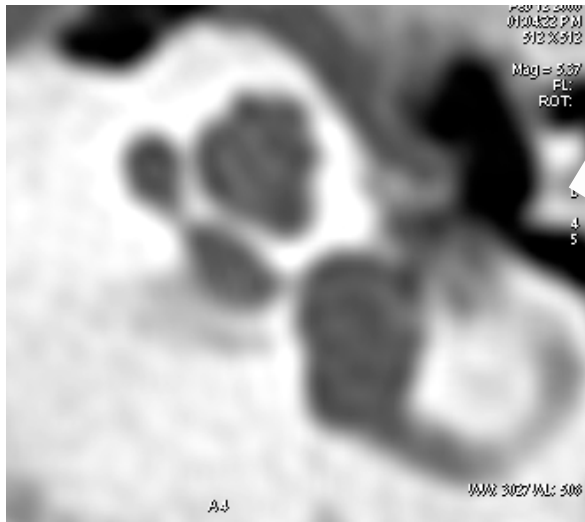
COCHLEE NORMALE : 2 TOURS ET DEMI ET SA COURONNE

HELICOTREMA

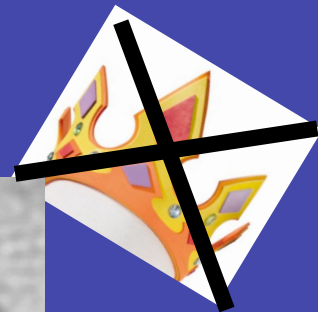
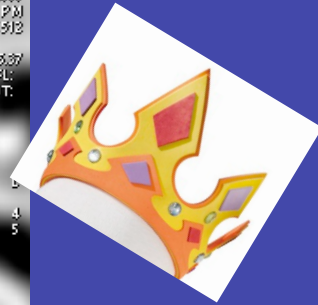
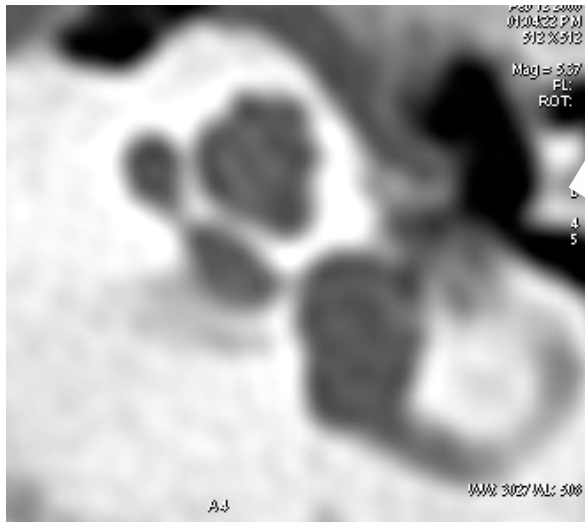




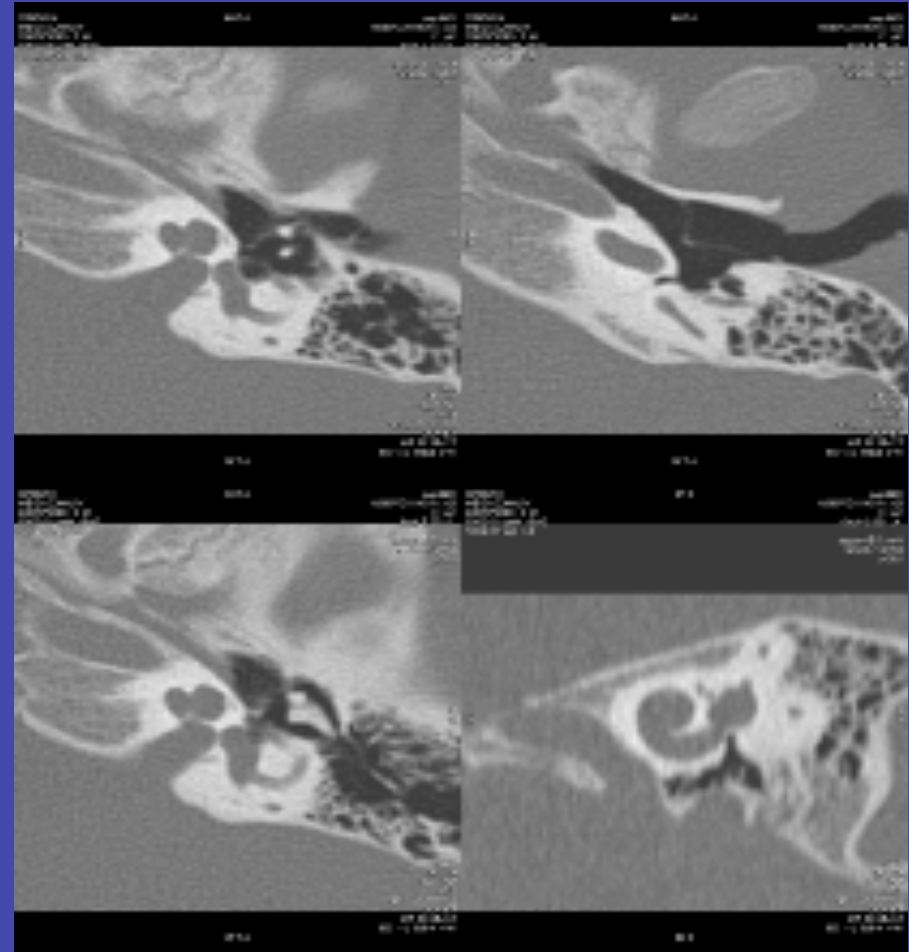
Malformation de Mondini



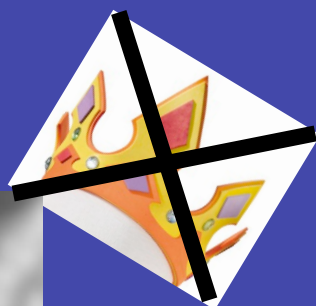
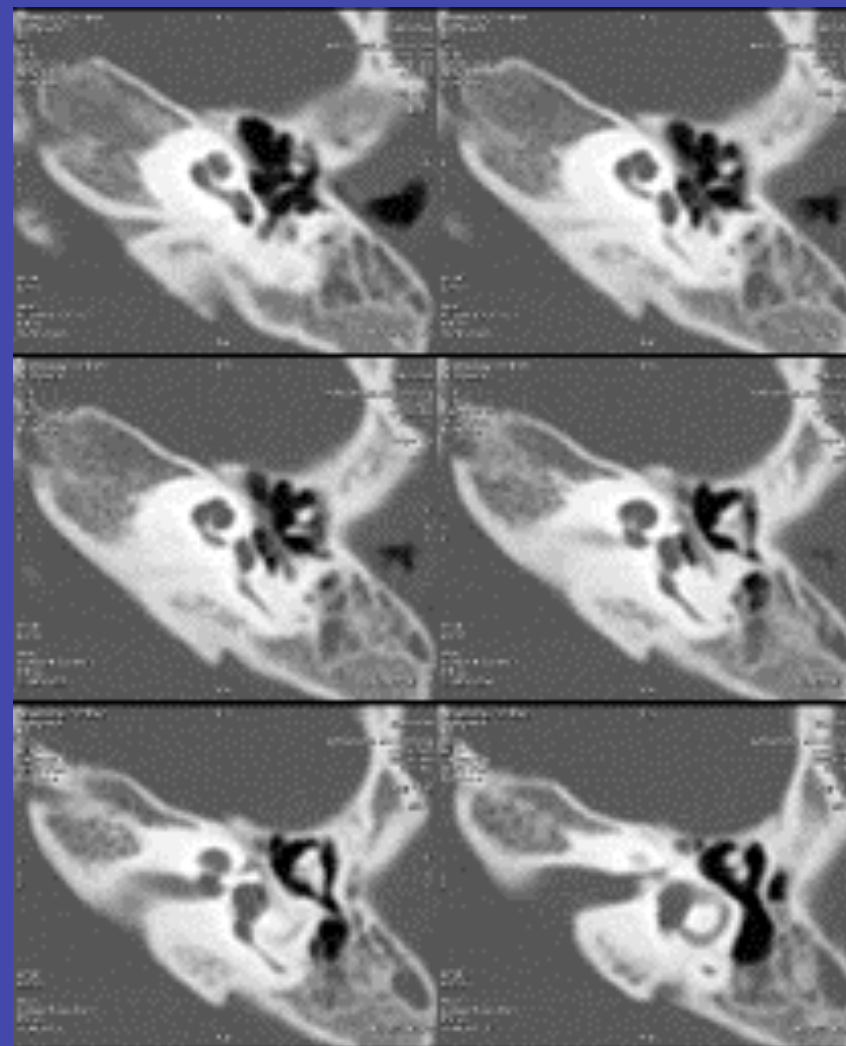
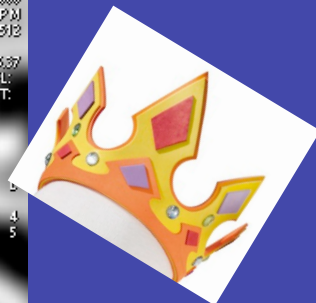
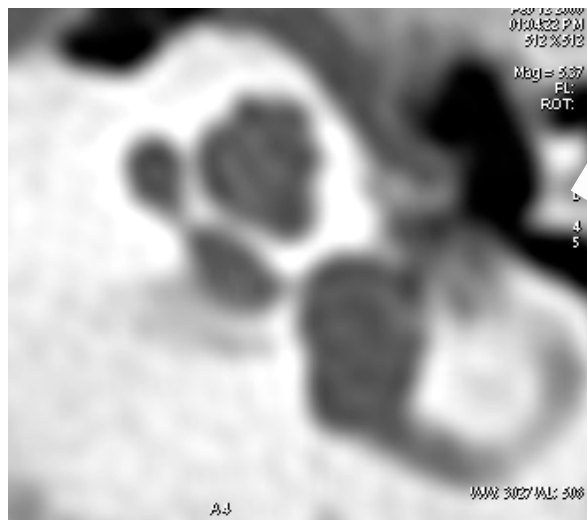
Syndrôme de l'acqueduc large



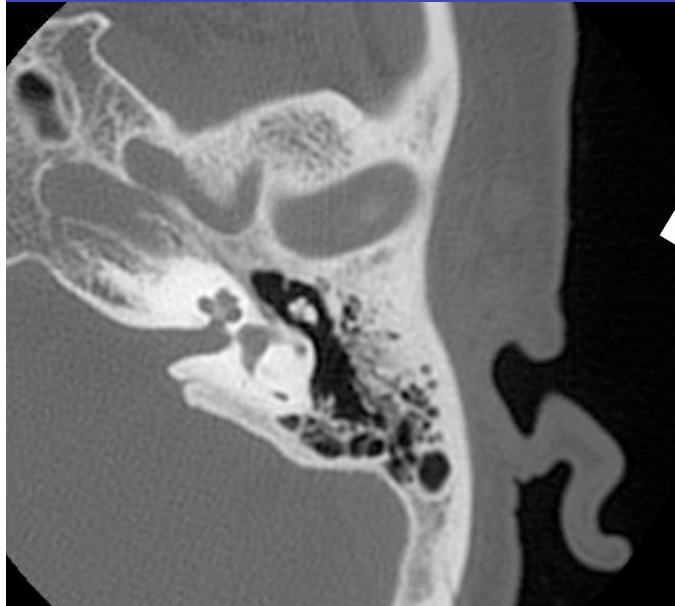
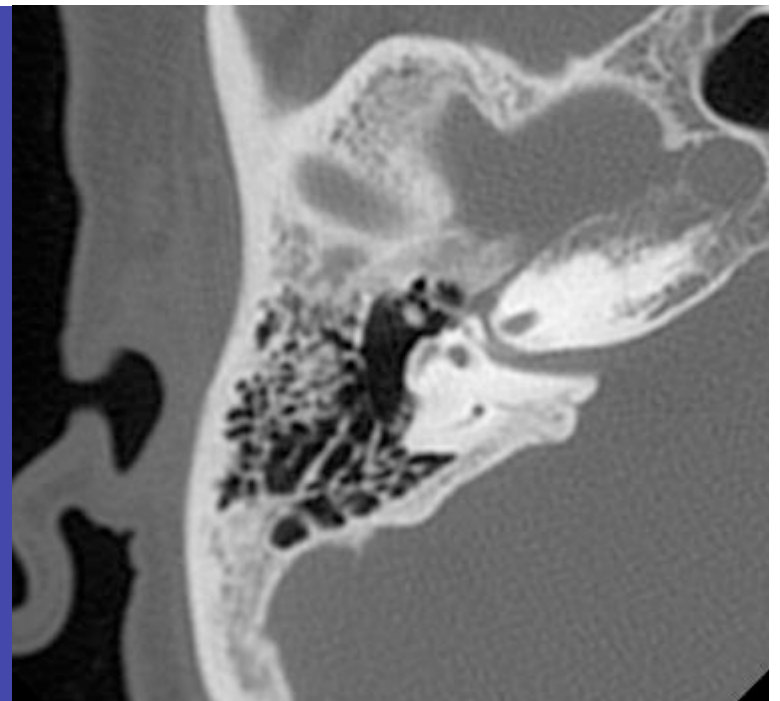
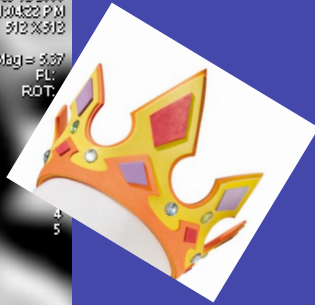
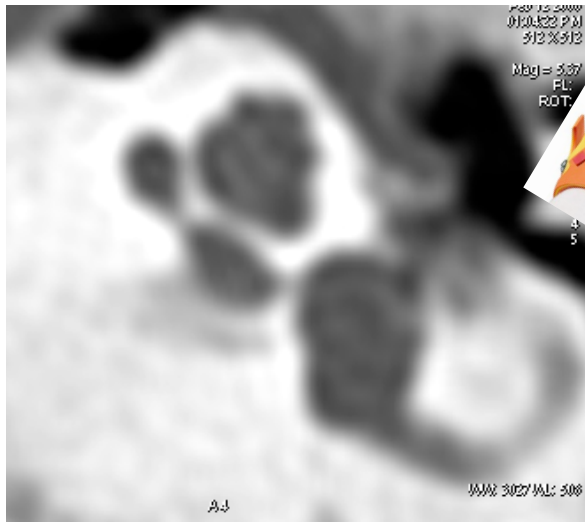
Cliché Dr Allard



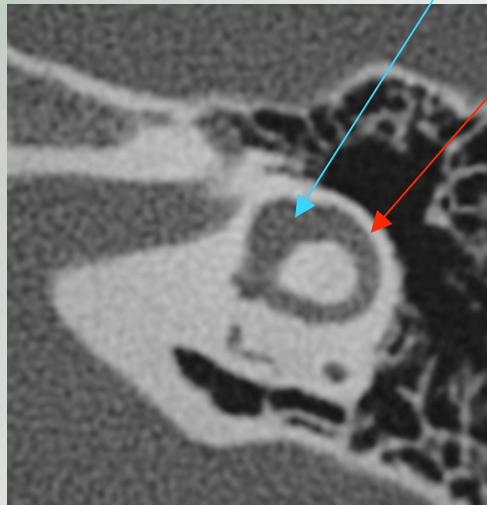
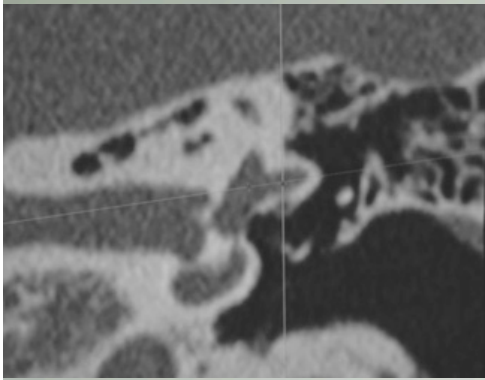
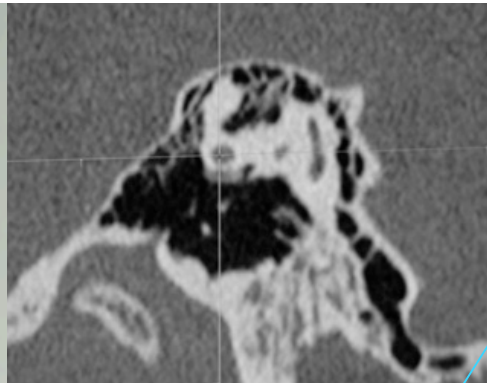
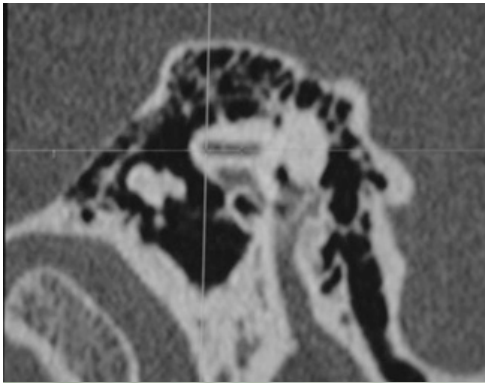
Macrocochlée



Microcochlée



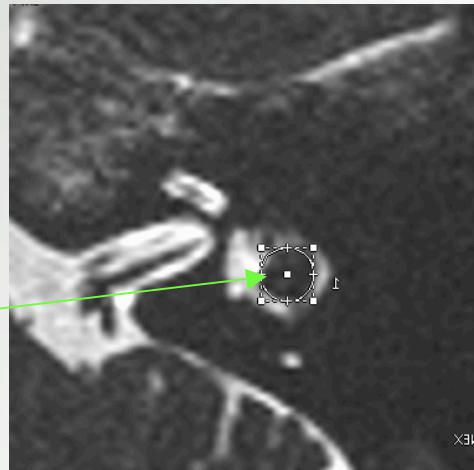
PREMIERE PORTION DU FACIAL BIFIDE

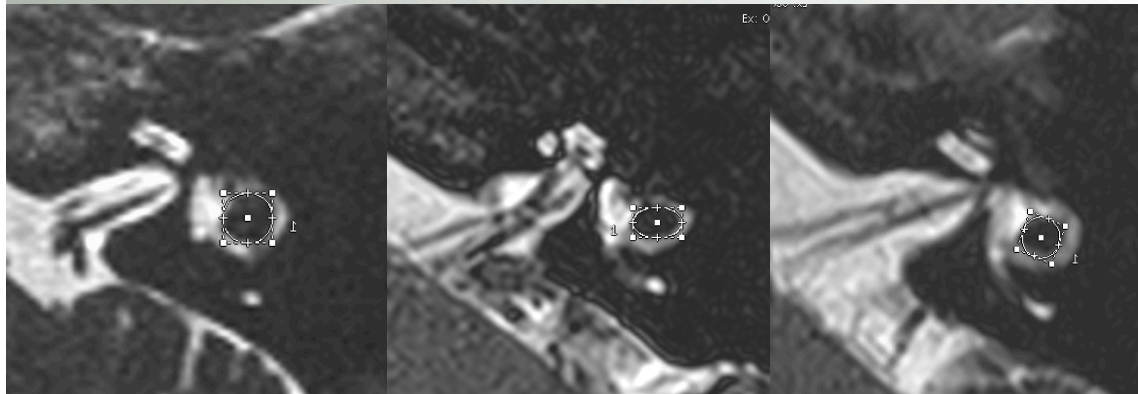


Vestibule

Canal semi-circulaire latéral

CEIL DU
VESTIBULE



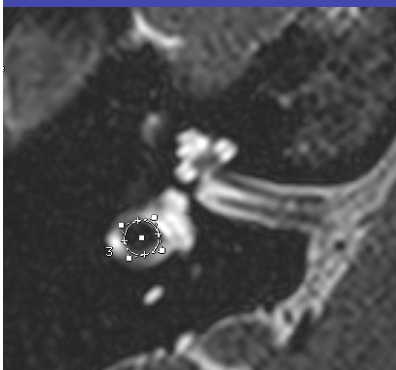
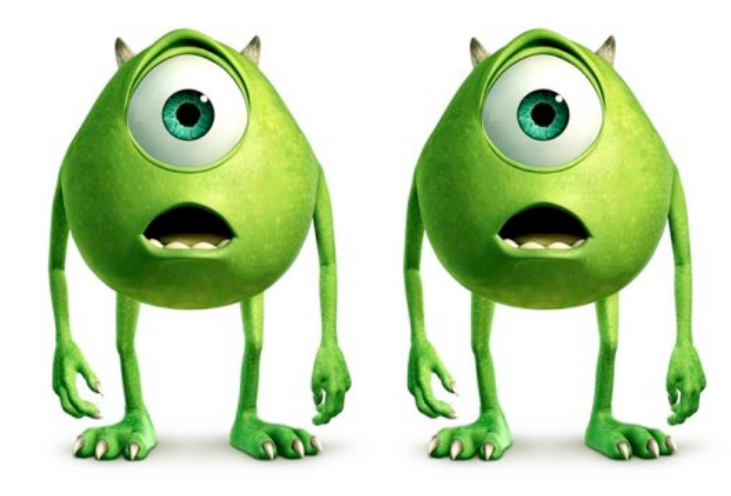


13,5 mm²

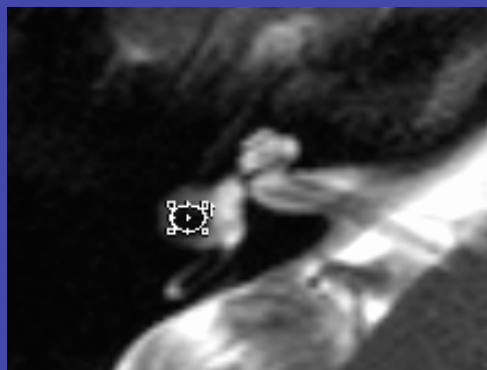
8,6

7,5

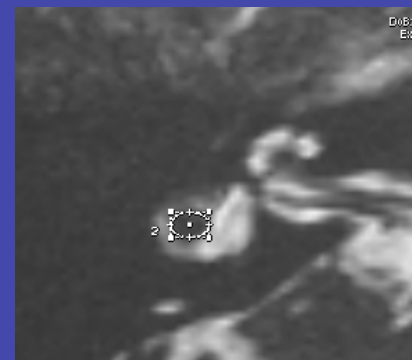
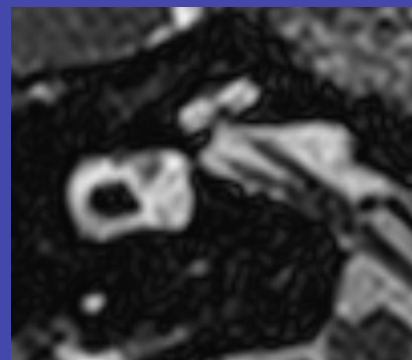




7,3



6

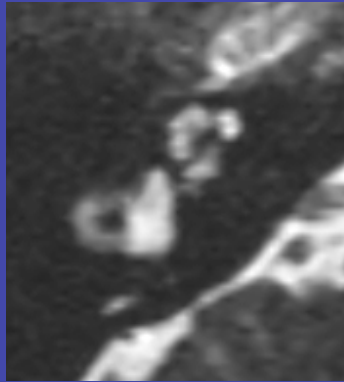


5,1

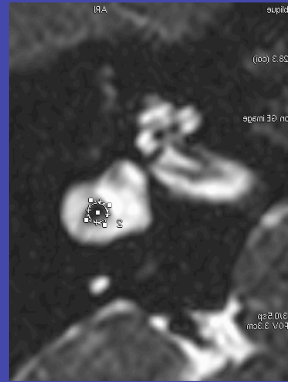




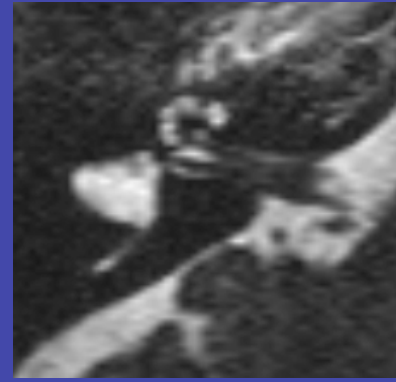
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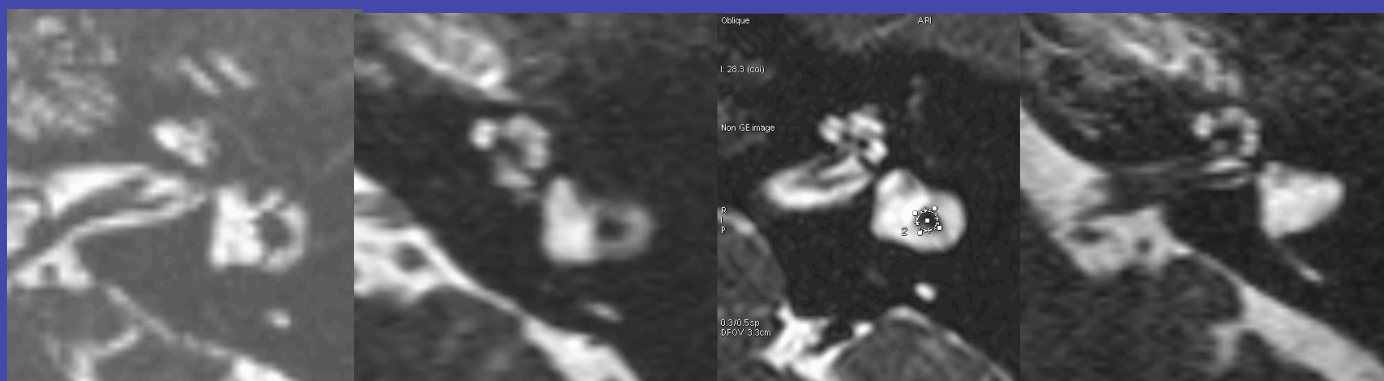
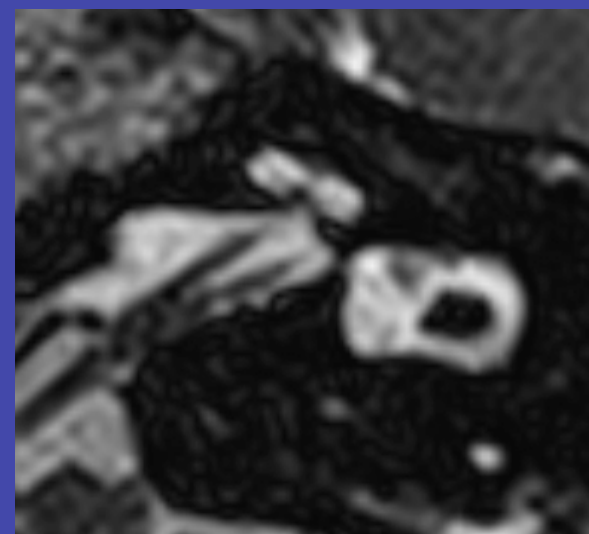
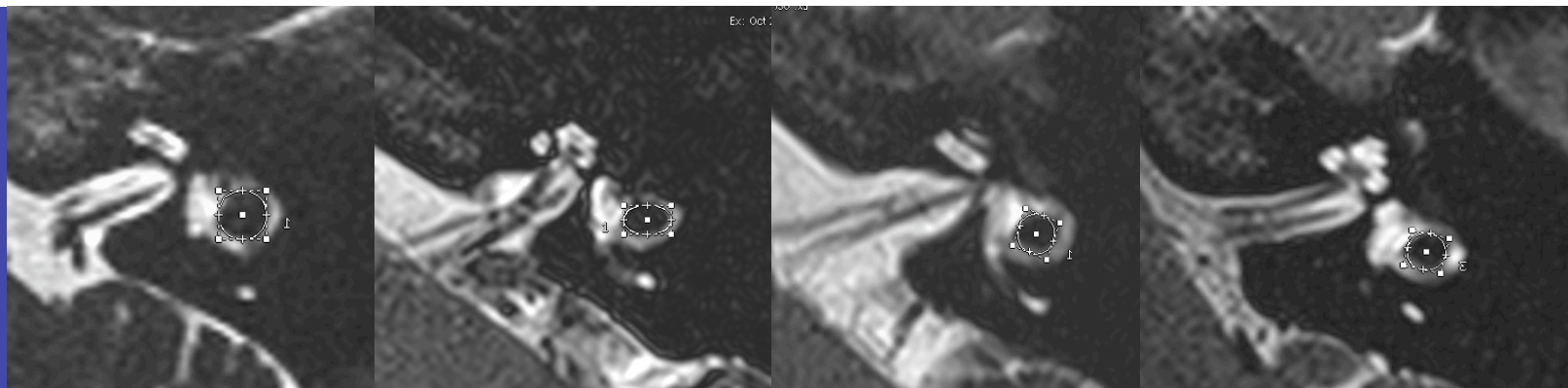


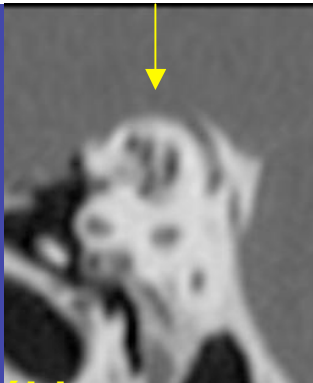
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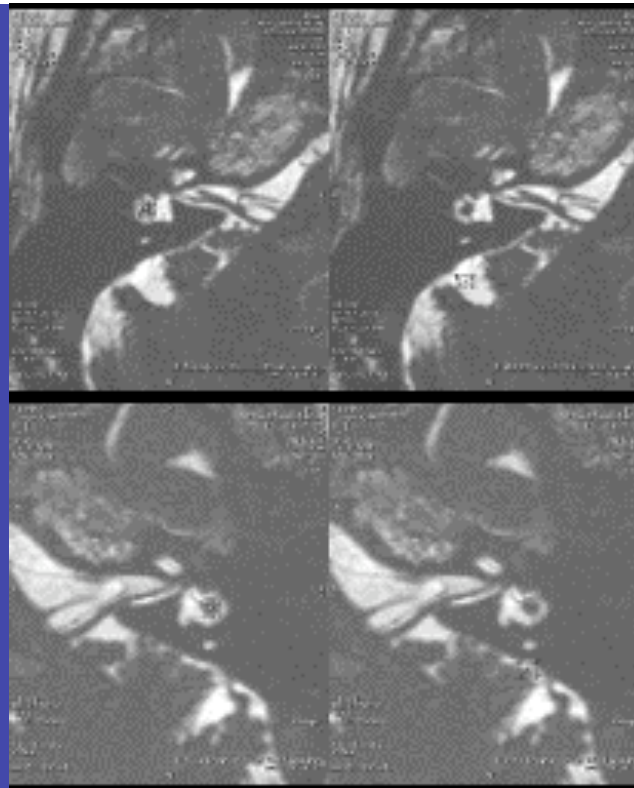
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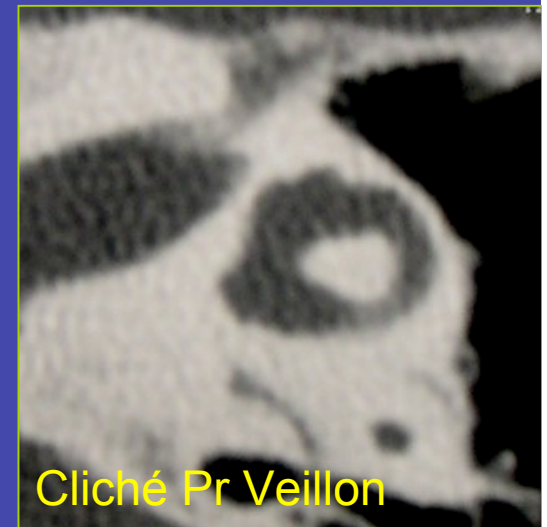




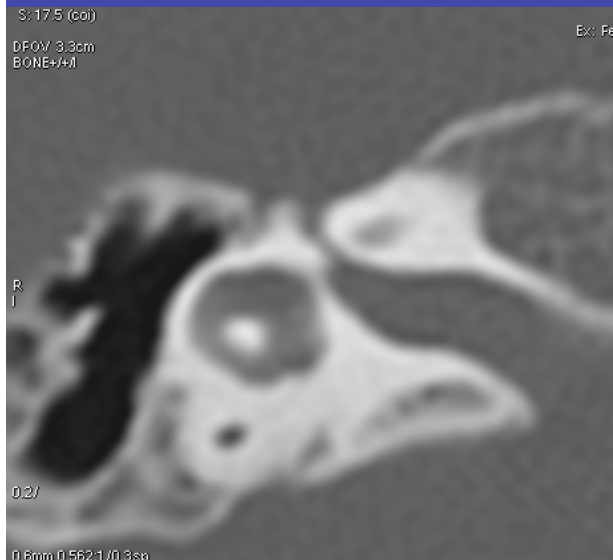
Déhiscence cscs



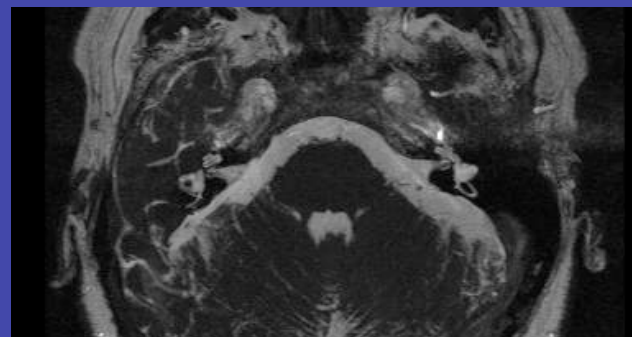
**ATTEINTE
BILATERALE**

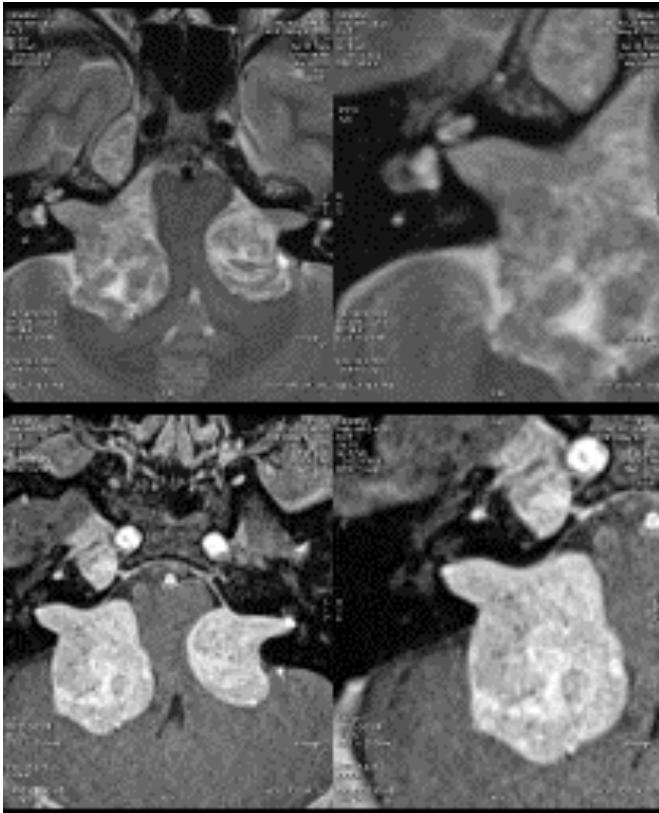


**Malformation
Isolée du
Vestibule
Œil normal**



TRISOMIE 21

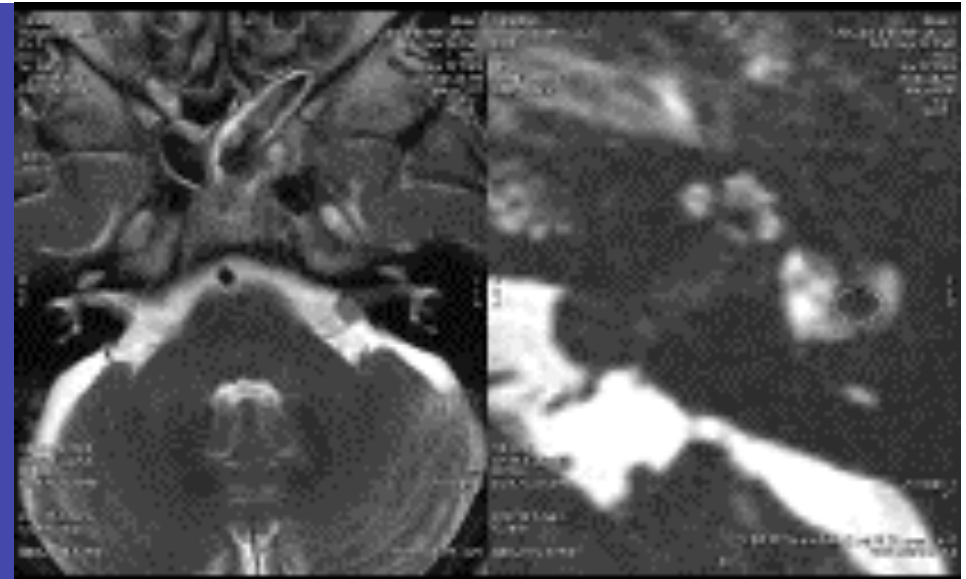




NF II

ASSOCIATIONS MORBIDES

OTOSPONGIOSE



NEURINOME

